## IN THE CLAIMS:

On page 21, line 1, delete Patent Claims and insert:

CLAIMS

## What is claimed is:

Please amend claims 1-26 to read as follows:

1. (Original) A method for producing boreholes with a large aspect ratio, in metallic materials, layered metallic materials and materials comprising at least one ceramic layer, by means of laser radiation, the intensity of the laser beam being adjusted according to the required modification of the borehole radius in relation to the borehole depth, characterized in that the improvement wherein the spatial distribution of the intensity of the laser beam, in relation to the changing bottom of the borehole, is adjusted in such a way that the intensity I inside the segment w<sub>0</sub> at a distance w from the laser beam axis falls by the value ΔI, said drop occurs monotonously, and values are set for the spatial modification ΔI of the intensity I and for the segment w<sub>0</sub> that are so high that a

borehole radius  $r_B$   $(r_B > w_0)$  is larger than the segment  $w_0$ , the segment  $w_0$  being the radius of the laser beam.

- 2. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, characterized in that wherein the segment  $w_0$  is set approximately in proportion to the root of the predefined borehole depth l to be achieved.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1 or 2, characterized in that wherein the spatial modification  $\Delta I$  of intensity I is set approximately in proportion to the predefined borehole depth 1 or the borehole depth 1 to be achieved.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method according to any one of claims 1 to 3, characterized in that claim 3, wherein the maximum aspect ratio  $\alpha$  of borehole depth 1 to borehole diameter d and the minimum diameter  $d_{min} > 1$  / $\alpha$  ( $d_{min} = 2r_{Bmin}$ ) of the borehole are set by the following rule  $\alpha$  < const.  $\Delta$   $w_0$ ,

the spatial modification  $\Delta I = I_0 - Iw_0$  being intensity I within the segment  $w_0$ , and  $I_0$  being the intensity on the laser beam axis and  $I_{w0}$  the intensity at the distance  $w_0$  from the laser beam axis.

- 5. (Currently Amended) The method according to any one of elaims 1 to 4, characterized in that claim 1, wherein for enlarging the borehole diameter d (=2 $r_B$ ) during drilling the maximum value  $I_0 > I_{min}$  for the intensity is controlled or regulated such that the borehole diameter d (=2 $r_B$ ) reaches a predetermined depth-dependent value d > d<sub>min</sub>,  $I_0$  being the intensity on the laser beam axis and  $I_{min}$  the minimum value of intensity  $I_0$ .
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method according to any one of claims 1 to 5, characterized in that claim 1, wherein for enlarging the borehole diameter d (=2 $r_B$ ) during drilling the segment  $w_0 > w_{min}$  is controlled or regulated such that the borehole diameter d (=2 $r_B$ ) reaches a predetermined depthdependent value d > d<sub>min</sub>,  $w_0$  being the radial distance from the laser beam axis and  $w_{min}$  the minimum distance from the

laser beam axis over which the spatial modification  $\Delta I$  takes place.

- 7. (Currently Amended) The method according to any one of claims 1 to 6, characterized in that claim 1, wherein when different material layers are drilled the intensity distribution of the laser radiation is adapted during transition from one layer of material to the next one in such a manner that the same or the predetermined depthdependent borehole diameter is achieved in both material layers.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 7, characterized in that wherein the transition between two material layers is monitored by changing the process emissions.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 8, characterized in that wherein the change in the process emissions is detected by coaxial or lateral high-speed photography.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The method according to any one of claims 1 to 9, characterized in that claim 1, wherein when a

set borehole diameter d  $(=2r_B)$  is reached the borehole wall is heated in addition.

- 11. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 10, characterized in that wherein the additional heating power is increased with an increasing depth of the borehole.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 10 ex

  11, characterized in that wherein the additional heating is
  limited to the melt flowing out of the borehole.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 12, characterized in that wherein the heat radiation is generated through beam shaping in the resonator in such a manner that the intensity of the laser beam is annularly irradiated onto the borehole for heating the borehole wall.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 13, characterized in that wherein the heat radiation is generated by excitation of higher modes at least after the predetermined borehole diameter has been reached.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 13, characterized in that wherein the heat radiation is

generated by way of apertures, the central portion of the laser beam being masked.

- 16. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 12, characterized in that wherein the laser radiation is shaped by an optical component outside the resonator such that a central portion of the laser beam produces the predetermined borehole diameter and an annular outer portion of the laser beam is irradiated onto the borehole for heating the borehole wall.
- 17. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 16, characterized in that wherein an axicon is used as the optical component outside the resonator.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 12, characterized in that wherein the heat radiation is coupled into the borehole via a second source of energy in the form of thermal energy.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 12, characterized in that wherein the heat radiation is

generated via a plurality of annularly arranged diode lasers.

- 20. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 12, characterized in that wherein the heat radiation is generated via a thermal light source.
- 21. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 20, characterized in that wherein a halogen lamp is used as the thermal light source.
- 22. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 20, characterized in that wherein an arc lamp is used as the thermal light source.
- 23. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 20, characterized in that wherein a vapor lamp is used as the thermal light source.
- 24. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 12, characterized in that wherein the heat radiation is generated via a laser beam source, the generated plasma acting as a secondary heat source on the wall of the borehole.

- 25. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 24, characterized in that wherein the same laser beam source as the one used for drilling is used for generating the heat radiation.
- 26. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 13, characterized in that wherein the control of the heat radiation is detected by coaxial or lateral high-speed photography.